

HIGH-PERFORMANCE CARBON INSULATION SOLUTIONS FOR HIGH TEMPERATURE FURNACES





**ZOOM** 

# Convection, conduction and radiation

Thermal insulation efficiency centres around 3 key factors. Convection at lower temperatures, conduction along fibre length and radiation dispersion across the carbon fibre pores at the higher temperatures. By controlling both the fibre direction and the material porosity the temperature performance of the insulation can be optimised.

Heat

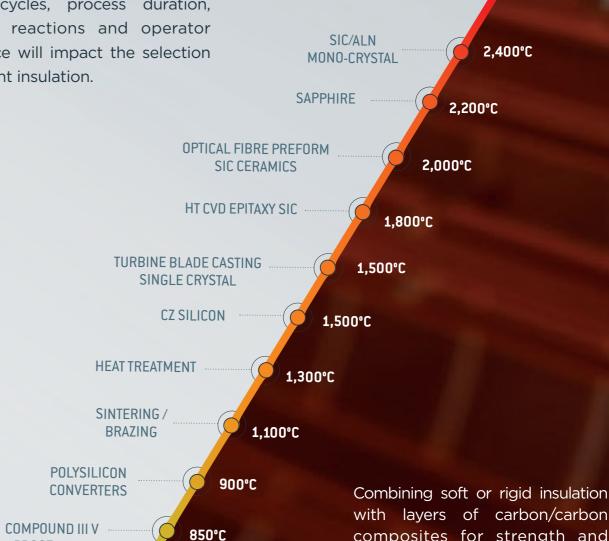
# Best in class performance

The unique manufacturing process used to produce Mersen insulation ensures that the fibre structure is positioned at 90 degrees to the thermal source thus providing the market leading product for low thermal conductivity requirements.

# **Unlimited** solutions by Mersen

Running temperature, heating and cooling cycles, process duration, chemical reactions and operator experience will impact the selection of the right insulation.

**PROCESSING** 



TYPICAL RUNNING TEMPERATURE - INDICATIVE T° VALUES WITH USUAL PRESSURE ON INDUSTRIAL PROCESS (10-2)

with layers of carbon/carbon composites for strength and rigidity; flexible graphite sheets for heat reflection and gas impermeability creates a series of materials that can be customized to provide solutions to even the toughest heat-barrier problems.

#### MERSEN CARBON INSULATION

# Solutions for high temperature furnaces

Mersen insulation enables the perfect protection and regulation for very high-temperature furnaces from 1,000°C up to 3,000°C. As an expert in carbon/carbon composites, graphite refractory materials and high-temperature insulation, Mersen sells "machined to design" solutions, giving turnkey service capabilities.

#### **YOUR BENEFITS**

- Mersen is the producer of carbon insulation materials combining constant quality with tight material tolerances
- Complete insulation range offering specific solutions to your process
- Global sales network in more than 35 countries is a strong asset to serve our customers in their projects

#### ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY 5,90 x 10-4 (for CRCE 25)

# (for CBCF 25) LOW THERMAL EXPANSION

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion (CTE): 2,6 10-6 [from 1,000 to 2,000°C]

#### OUTSTANDING THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY

as low as 0,5 W/m.K at 2,000°C for Edge, standard deviation 0,05

#### **MACHINABILITY**

short fibre insulation can be machined into very complex and intricate shapes

#### PURITY

**INSULATION** 

performance

Low residual impurity levels. Standard at 50 ppm; < 5 ppm when halogen purified

#### REFRACTORY MATERIAL up to 3,000°C

#### MECHANICAL STRENGTH

up to 2,70 MPa (for CBCF 25)

#### **CHEMICAL RESISTANCE**

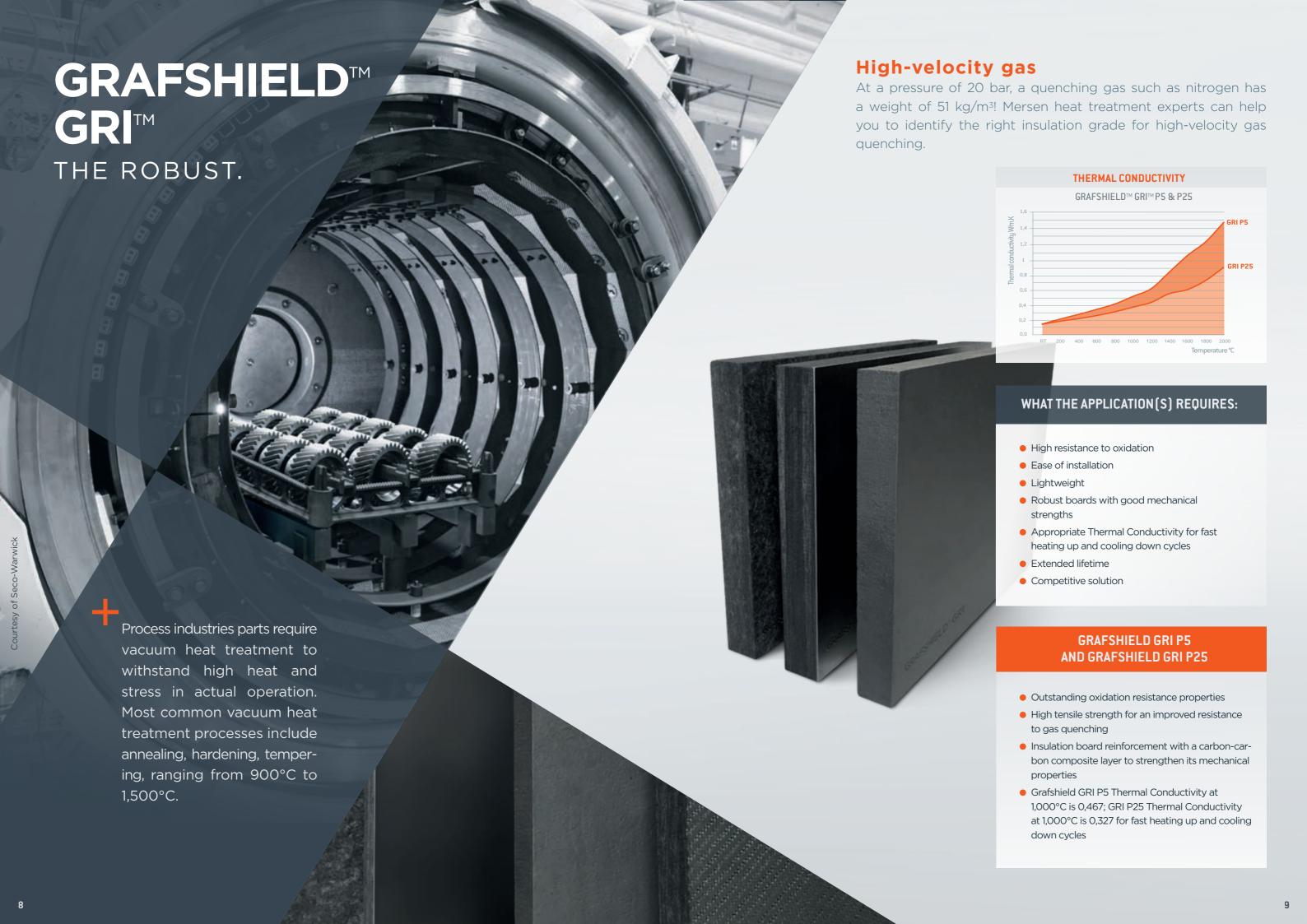
high resistance in aggressive environment thanks to a complete range of protection enhancement

#### **LIGHT WEIGHT**

as low as 0,14 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for boards; 0,075 for soft felt

### POROSITY > 90%

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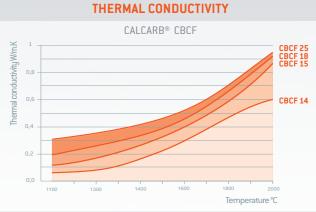






#### **CBCF fibres are made from Rayon**

This is the the least thermally conductive of all carbon material types; suppressing the physical transfer of energy. CBCF has a homogeneous structure with an even distribution of micro-pores, suppressing the transfer of radiant energy. CBCF exists in various densities, from 0,14 (CBCF 14) to 0,25 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (CBCF 25).



#### WHAT THE APPLICATION(S) REQUIRES:

- High process temperature requires dimensionally stable insulation material
- Insulation solution has to withstand agressive / corrosive environment generated by high process temperatures and the process conditions
- High temperature uniformity within the hot zone for improved quality

#### **CALCARB® CBCF**

- 100% rayon-based fiber precursor for a high thermal efficiency
- Low CTE for stable dimensions during the process
- Short fibre structure makes it the perfect material to be machined for intricate design
- Additional product enhancement available for improved resistance to corrosive environment
- Minimize energy consumption and cost
- Maximize furnace performance and longevity
- High purity and high thermal resistance
- Low ash & sulphur content purification possible as low as < 5 ppm
- Carbon Content ≥ 99%
- Possibility to have "ready to install" solutions for improved furnace availability

# CALCARB® HYBRID THE SOLUTION PROVIDER. Mersen has developed a solution which combines 2 or more materials and utilises the best of each of their properties in a synergistic manner.

[HYBRID]

Combines the least thermally conductive of all carbon material types, suppressing the physical transfer of energy. CBCF has a homogenous structure with an even distribution of micro-pores which suppresses the transfer of radiant energy.

#### WHAT THE APPLICATION(S) REQUIRES:

- High temperature uniformity within the hot zone for improved quality
- Insulation solution has to withstand agressive / corrosive environement generated by high running temperatures and the process itself (residual SiO2; Silicon,...)
- Dimensionally stable insulation material in high running temperature
- Energy consumption cost control

#### **CALCARB® HYBRID**

- Standalone insulation hot zone unit: fast replacement and down time reduction, equates to Cost
   Of Ownership benefits
- Calcarb® Hybrid conception minimises hot spots with a superior homogeneous thermal profile
- High purity
- High performance at 2,400°C
- Extended lifetime

The higher the temperature gradient, the higher the thermal stress inside the material, as per standard thermal stress equation:

#### $\sigma = E^*\alpha^*(Thf-Tcf) = E^*\alpha^*\Delta T$

Calcarb® Hybrid is an extraodrinary solution developed by Mersen to get rid off thermal stress and potential cracking when thicker insulation is required.

Soft felt insulation is cemented to the CBCF material to minimise any hot spots and give a homogeneous thermal profile throughout.





# CYLINDER SHAPE SOLUTIONS

Mersen is able to engineer ready to use cylinders based on your process requirement and performance expectations in CBCF, CBCF + Soft felt or Grafshield GRI configurations.

Foil and coating possible on both sides and in intermediate layer.

Machined to size and customer designs

Uniform insulation propertie

Foil and coatings on request for improved performance and life time

From 65 mm to 1600 diameter

# CYLINDER CONSTRUCTION SOLUTIONS

Insulation cylinders can either be made as a a solid vacuum formed cylinder or as a series of barrel staves.

Machined ready to assemble for an easy setting

Foil and coatings on request for improved performance and life time

Up to 2,400 mm diameter - 200 mm thick



Disks can be machined up to 1854 mm diameter and 254 mm thickness.



# INSULATION SELECTION GUIDELINES

Running temperature, heating and cooling cycles, process duration, chemical reactions and operator experience will impact the selection of the insulation. Our experts are here to help you to select the right solution for you.

|  | INDICATIVE T° WITH USUAL PRESSURE ON INDUSTRIAL PROCESS (10-2) | CHEMICAL<br>REACTION       | CUSTOMER DESIGN HOT ZONE & FURNACE |  |                            |
|--|--|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
|  |  |                            | SQUARED<br>BOARD                   | CYLINDER   | BARREL<br>STAVES           |
| POLYSILICON<br>Converters                        | 900°C  | Hydrogen                   | n/a                                | Soft felt<br>CBCF (6)  | n/a                        |
| HEAT TREATMENT<br>SINTERING<br>/BRAZING          | 1,300°C  | None<br>residual<br>oxygen | GRI ; LF7<br>(1) (2) (3)           | n/a  | GRI;<br>CBCF possible      |
| CZ SILICON<br>(PV & ELECTRONICS)                 | 1,500°C  | Silicon                    | n/a                                | Soft felt (7)<br>CBCF; LF7 (2) (4) (7)<br>Hybrid (32") (2) (4) (7) | n/a                        |
| TURBINE BLADE<br>(DIRECTIONAL<br>SOLIDIFICATION) | 1,500°C  | None<br>residual<br>oxygen | n/a                                | LF7 (2) (4) (7)<br>Soft felt<br>CBCF (7)                           | n/a                        |
| HT CVD<br>(SIC EPITAXY)                          | 1,800°C  | Silicon                    | n/a                                | CBCF<br>(2) (7)  | n/a                        |
| OPTICAL FIBRE                                    | 2,000°C  | None<br>residual<br>Si02   | n/a                                | Soft felt ;<br>CBCF ; Hybrid (?)                                   | n/a                        |
| SIC CERAMICS                                     | 2,100°C  | Silicon                    | LF7<br>(1) (2) (3) (7)             | LF7 ; CBCF (2) (7)<br>Soft felt                                    | LF7;<br>CBCF (2) (7); EDGE |
| SAPPHIRE   | 2,200°C  | Oxygen                     | n/a                                | LF7 ; CBCF (2) (7)<br>Soft felt                                    | LF7;<br>CBCF(2)(7); EDGE   |
| SIC<br>Mono-Crystal                              | 2,400°C  | Silicon                    | n/a                                | CBCF CWC (2) (7)<br>Hybrid (2)                                     | CBCF; EDGE (2) (7)         |

- (1) WEAR PROTECT To up to 1,800-2,000°C max
- (2) GRAPHITE PAINT T° up to 2,400°C but process dependent
- (3) GRAPHITE FOIL T° up to 1,800°C
- (4) CVD COATING T° up to 2,000°C could go above process dependent
- above process dependent
- (6) SILICON CARBIDE (SiC) PROTECTION To up to 1,500°C
- (7) HALOGEN PURIFICATION (HP

## MERSEN INSULATION ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS

|  |  |  |  | 200   |  |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|
|  | GRI P5   | GRI P25  | LONG Fibre LF7                                       | CBCF 14   | CBCF 15  |
| DESIGN AVAILABILITY  | BOARD / CYLINDER /<br>DISK / COMPONENTS                    | BOARD / CYLINDER /<br>DISK / COMPONENTS                    | BOARD / CYLINDER                                     | BOARD / CYLINDER /<br>DISK / COMPONENTS                       | CYLINDER   |
| BULK DENSITY g.cm <sup>3</sup>   | 0,17   | 0,17   | 0,14   | 0,14  | 0,15   |
| COMPRESSIVE<br>STRENGTH MPa  | 1,00   | 1,00   |  | 1,09  | 0,80   |
| FLEXURAL<br>STRENGTH MPa   | 1,01   | 2,09   | 0,80   | 1,65  | 1,50   |
| COEFFICIENT OF<br>THERMAL EXPANSION<br>25° TO 1,000°C                  | WG: 3,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup><br>AG: 3,3 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>   | WG: 3,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup><br>AG: 3,3 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>   | PROVIDED<br>AT REQUEST                               | 3,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>  | 3,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>                                       |
| 1,000° TO 2,000°C  | WG : 3,6 X 10 <sup>-6</sup><br>AG : 4,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup> | WG : 3,6 X 10 <sup>-6</sup><br>AG : 4,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup> | PROVIDED<br>AT REQUEST                               | 2,6 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>  | 2,6 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>                                       |
| SPECIFIC SURFACE<br>AREAS - m <sup>2</sup> .g <sup>-1</sup>            | PROVIDED<br>AT REQUEST                                     | PROVIDED<br>AT REQUEST                                     | PROVIDED<br>AT REQUEST                               | 22  | 20   |
| ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY PARALLEL TO FIBRE ORIENTATION (xy) ohm.m        | 5,3 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>                                     | 5,0 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>                                     | PROVIDED<br>AT REQUEST                               | 12,5 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>                                       | 25,0 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>                                      |
| ELECTRICAL RESISITIVITY PERPENDICULAR TO FIBRE ORIENTATION (z) ohm.m   | 3,0 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>                                     | 3,3 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>                                     | PROVIDED<br>AT REQUEST                               | 52,1 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>                                       | 74,0 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>                                      |
| THERMAL<br>CONDUCTIVITY* W/m.K<br>400°C<br>800°C<br>1,200°C<br>1,600°C | VACUUM<br>0,23<br>0,37<br>0,57<br>1,01                     | VACUUM<br>0,17<br>0,27<br>0,39<br>0,56                     | VACUUM<br>0,16<br>0,25<br>0,39<br>0,57               | VACUUM NITROGEN  0,05 0,09  0,12 0,19  0,25 0,378  0,45 0,579 | VACUUM NITROGEN  0,11 0,159 0,16 0,237 0,29 0,409 0,52 0,689 |
| 2,000°C  | 1,45   | 0,90   | 0,89   | 0,61 0,879  | 0,85 1,041   |
| BOARD SIZE (MAX)  BOARD THICKNESS (MAX)                                | 1,250 x 1,500 mm<br>50 mm                                  | 1,250 x 1,500 mm<br>50 mm                                  | 1,000 x 1,500 mm<br>1,200 mm                         | 1,500 x 1,500 mm<br>250 mm                                    | 1,500 x 1,500 mm<br>250 mm                                   |
| DISK DIAMETER DISK THICKNESS [MAX]                                     | up to 1,250 mm<br>50 mm                                    | up to 1,250 mm<br>50 mm                                    | N/A<br>N/A   | from 635 mm to 1,854 mm<br>406 mm                             | N/A<br>N/A   |
| CYLINDER OD (MAX)  CYLINDER HEIGHT(MAX)  MAX WALL THICKNESS            | 250 mm<br>1,500 mm   | 250 mm<br>1,500 mm   | Almost unlimited:<br>designed to<br>customer request | 1,651 mm<br>350 mm<br>40 mm                                   | 1,100 mm<br>500 mm<br>55 mm                                  |
| PRODUCT ENHANCEMENT SILICON CARBIDE (SIC) PROTECTION                   | х  | x  |  | х   | х  |
| CVI PYROCARBON   | х  | х  |  | х   | х  |
| CVD COATING  | х  | х  |  | х   | х  |
| GRAPHITE PAINT<br>COATING  | х  | Х  |  | Х   | Х  |
| GRAPHITE FOILED  | х  | х  | Х  | х   | х  |
| WEAR PROTECT   | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х   | Х  |

|   | CBCF 18  | CBCF 25  | EDGE                                 |  |
|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|
|   | BOARD / CYLINDER /<br>DISK / COMPONENTS                            | BOARD / DISK /<br>COMPONENTS                                       | BOARD / CYLINDER                     |  |
|   | 0,18   | 0,25   | 0,13                                 |  |
| 8 | 1,10   | 2,10   | 1,10                                 |  |
|   | 1,03   | 2,70   | 1,50                                 |  |
|   | 3,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>   | 3,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>   | 3,0 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>               |  |
|   | 2,6 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>   | 2,6 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>   | 2,6 X 10 <sup>-6</sup>               |  |
|   | 18   | 11   | PROVIDED<br>AT REQUEST               |  |
|   | 11,0 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>  | 5,90 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>  | 4,4 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>               |  |
|   | 40,7 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>  | 15,93 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>   | 3,0 X 10 <sup>-4</sup>               |  |
|   | VACUUM NITROGEN  | VACUUM NITROGEN  | VACUUM                               |  |
|   | 0,17 0,224<br>0,22 0,317<br>0,32 0,485<br>0,55 0,724<br>0,84 1,170 | 0,30 0,325<br>0,38 0,415<br>0,48 0,531<br>0,64 0,723<br>0,92 1,080 | 0,16<br>0,22<br>0,32<br>0,46<br>0,60 |  |
|   | 1,500 x 1,500 mm<br>250 mm   | 1,500 x 1,500 mm<br>250 mm   | 1,500 x 1,500 mm<br>250 mm           |  |
|   | from 635 mm to 1,854 mm<br>406 mm                                  | from 635 mm to 1,854 mm<br>406 mm                                  | from 635 to 1854 mm<br>407 mm        |  |
|   | 1,651 mm<br>880 mm<br>55 mm  | N/A  | 1651 mm<br>350 mm<br>40 mm           |  |
|   | x  | X  | х                                    |  |
|   | Х  | Х  | Х                                    |  |
|   | Х  | ×  | х                                    |  |
|   | Х  | Х  | Х                                    |  |
|   | Х  | х  | х                                    |  |
|   | х  | х  | х                                    |  |

|   | SOFT FELT   |
|---|---|
| BULK DENSITY g.cm <sup>3</sup>  | 0,075 +/- 0,01  |
| FLEXURAL<br>STRENGTH MPa  | 0,051   |
| MODULUS OF<br>ELASTICITY GPa  | 0,558   |
| IMPURITY ppm  | < 400   |
| ASH CONTENT   | < 0,06 %  |
| TEMPERATURE<br>PROCESS [MIN]  | 2,000°C   |
| CARBON CONTENT<br>(ESTIMATED)   | > 99,94 %<br>1,93 AT 1,000°C                                |
| THERMAL<br>CONDUCTIVITY* W/m.K  | VACUUM  |
| 800°C<br>1,000°C<br>1,200°C<br>1,400°C<br>1,600°C<br>1,800°C<br>2,000°C | 0,207<br>0,257<br>0,329<br>0,413<br>0,524<br>0,657<br>0,812 |
| THICKNESSES   | 6/8/10/12 mm  |
|   |   |

|                                       | purity levels reached with<br>Purification (HP) process. |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| GUARANTEED<br>34 ELEMENTS<br>MEASURED | < 20 ppm   |
| TYPICAL<br>5 METALS<br>MEASURED       | < 5 ppm  |

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<sup>\*</sup>Thermal conductivity measured with laser flash; results would be significantly lower with hot pla





#### GLOBAL EXPERT IN ELECTRICAL POWER AND ADVANCED MATERIALS

#### **AMERICAS**

**MERSEN USA** Bay City, MI Greenville, MI St Marys, PA Columbia, TN

MERSEN MEXICO Monterrey

MERSEN ARGENTINA **Buenos Aires** 

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MERSEN COLOMBIA Bogota

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MERSEN ITALY Milan & Malonno

MERSEN NORDIC Kista

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MERSEN SOUTH AFRICA Johannesburg

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MERSEN CHINA Chongqing, Kunshan & Yantai

MERSEN INDIA Pune & Bangalore

**MERSEN JAPAN** Tokyo

MERSEN SOUTH KOREA Seoul

> MERSEN OCEANIA Fairfield Victoria

MERSEN TAÏWAN Taipei





